

Exercise 6 Consider the following well-scaled matrix:

$$W_n = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & \ddots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \ddots & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Compute the LU-decomposition of W_n without pivoting. Write the result for $n = 5$ and $n = 10$. Determine the element of maximal magnitude that appears during the process as a function of the matrix size n . Can the observed growth cause numerical instabilities when solving systems with the matrix W_n ?

The LU factors in the case where no permutations are done, are found to be

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & \ddots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \ddots & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 2^0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \ddots & 0 & 0 & 2^3 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 2^{n-2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 2^{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

We solve first $Ly = b$ and then $Ux = y$ and we obtain

$$y_1 = b_1$$

$$y_k = b_k + \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} 2^{k-1-j} b_j, \quad k = 2, \dots, n$$

and

$$x_n = y_n = 2^{-(n-1)} b_n + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} 2^{-j} b_j$$

$$x_k = y_k + 2^{(k-1)} x_n$$

$$= b_k + \sum_{j=1}^{k-1} 2^{k-1-j} b_j - 2^{k-1} \left[2^{-(n-1)} b_n + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} 2^{-j} b_j \right]$$

$$= b_k - 2^{k-n} b_n$$

One can see that in exact arithmetic the two sums containing the elements of the right-hand-side vector cancel exactly. However, in floating point operations, they will not, accumulating in this way round-off errors in the solution.