

# The Bakery Algorithm without Choosing

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First the algorithm without choosing. Three processes  $P_0, \dots, P_2$ . Process  $i$  is:

1. do {
2.  $\text{regi} = \max(\text{number}[0], \text{number}[1], \text{number}[2]) + 1$
3.  $\text{number}[i] = \text{regi}$
4. while( $\text{number}[0] \neq 0$  and  $(\text{number}[0], 0) < (\text{number}[i], i)$ );
5. while( $\text{number}[1] \neq 0$  and  $(\text{number}[1], 1) < (\text{number}[i], i)$ );
6. while( $\text{number}[2] \neq 0$  and  $(\text{number}[2], 2) < (\text{number}[i], i)$ );
7. Critical Section
8.  $\text{number}[i] = 0$
9. }

The basic idea to find a bad trace is for a process to pick a number but not put it into the array `number` until a process with a higher ticket is in its Critical Section, allowing two processes to enter the Critical section.

The interleaving is as follows

1.  $P_0$  2  $\text{reg0} = 1$
2.  $P_1$  2  $\text{reg1} = 1$
3.  $P_0$  3  $\text{number}[0] = 1$
4.  $P_0$  4,5,6,7  $P_0$  in its CS
5.  $P_2$  2  $\text{reg2} = 2$
6.  $P_2$  3  $\text{number}[2] = 2$
7.  $P_0$  8  $\text{number}[0] = 0$   $P_0$  left its CS
8.  $P_2$  4,5,6,7  $P_2$  in its CS
9.  $P_1$  3  $\text{number}[1] = 1$
10.  $P_1$  4,5,6,7 Now  $P_2$  is in its CS as well.